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6	cpernicka@allenmatkins.com							
7	Attorneys for Plaintiff CP III CENTREPOINT, LLC							
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT							
9	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA							
10								
11	CP III CENTREPOINT, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company,	Case No. <u>'13CV1089 L</u> NLS						
12	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR:						
13	VS.	<ol> <li>Injunctive Relief (Mandamus)</li> <li>Declaratory Judgment</li> </ol>						
14	CITY OF SAN DIEGO, a municipal	3. Violation Of 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Procedural Due Process)						
15	entity; KELLY BROUGHTON, in his capacity as Director of the Development	4. Violation Of 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Equal Protection)						
16	Services Department of the City of San Diego; and AFSANEH AHMADI, in her	5. Violation of Cal. Const. Art. I						
17	capacity as the Chief Building Official of the Development Services Department of	6. Violation of Cal. Const. Art. I						
18	the City of San Diego,	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL						
19	Defendants.							
20								
21								
22	Plaintiff CP III Centrepoint, LLC (	"Centrepoint") alleges upon knowledge as						
23	to itself and its own actions, and upon information and belief as to all other matters,							
24	against Defendants City of San Diego (the "City"), Kelly Broughton in his capacity							
25	as Director of the Development Services Department of the City of San Diego (the							
26	"Director"), and Afsaneh Ahmadi, in her	capacity as the Chief Building Official of						
27	the Development Services Department of the City of San Diego ("Chief Building							
28	Official") as follows:							
iamble LP		COMPLAIN						

LAW OFFICES Allen Matkins Leck G Mallory & Natsis L

### **NATURE OF THE ACTION**

- 1. This is an action to, *inter alia*, enforce the provisions of the San Diego Municipal Code ("SDMC") and to remedy the City's violation of Centrepoint's federal and state constitutional rights to procedural due process and equal protection. Centrepoint is the owner of certain real property located within the City, as further described below. Centrepoint applied for permits to build a mixed-use commercial/residential project, as further described below, on that property. The City confirmed that the project to be constructed by Centrepoint was subject to ministerial approval; the City approved the project in accord with its ministerial duties; and the City issued permits authorizing demolition, grading, and construction. Centrepoint entered into contracts for the construction of the project, and commenced construction, including demolition of existing improvements, grading, and construction of new structures and other improvements.
- 2. After construction began, residents of the area complained about the project because it is located near San Diego State University and is likely to be occupied by some number of students. Opponents of the project contacted the Development Services Department of the City of San Diego ("DSD") to inquire about the approval of the project. In response, DSD confirmed that the project was subject to ministerial approval, that it complied with all applicable regulations, and that the approval of the project was therefore mandatory and City staff had no legal authority to deny the permits for the project.
- 3. In an apparent attempt to curry favor with those vocal members of the electorate opposed to the construction of the project, and with intended discriminatory result, Mayor of the City of San Diego Robert Earl "Bob" Filner (the "Mayor") then instructed the Director to issue an order halting construction of the project. On March 22, 2013, DSD sent an email to Centrepoint informing Centrepoint that an "administrative hold" had been placed on the project because, contrary to all previous approvals and confirmations that the project was subject to

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LAW OFFICES Allen Matkins Leck Gamble Mallory & Natsis LLP

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ministerial review, the project was now to be subject to discretionary review. The position of DSD now is that Centrepoint is required to obtain additional permits and approvals following public hearings. The City, through the Chief Building Official, now refuses to conduct inspections of the construction site, claiming that the existing permits issued by the City are not valid, thereby effectively preventing Centrepoint from continuing with the project.

- If Centrepoint is unable to continue with construction, it will be 4. irreparably harmed in that its constitutional rights will have been violated, its reputation damaged, its contractual relationships with consultants, contractors, and material suppliers jeopardized, construction already completed may be lost to waste and/or may become an attractive nuisance, and Centrepoint's ability to perform under its loan for the construction of the project may be impaired. In addition, the actions of Defendants have discriminatory intent and effect.
- Accordingly, Centrepoint seeks declaratory and injunctive relief for 5. Defendants' violation of the City's development procedures and Centrepoint's constitutional rights. Moreover, Centrepoint seeks to recover all money damages caused by Defendants' conduct.

### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- Centrepoint seeks, *inter alia*, to remedy the City's violation of 6. Centrepoint's federal constitutional rights, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Accordingly, this Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1343.
- This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over the state law claims 7. herein, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367, because these state law claims are so related to the federal law claims over which this Court has original jurisdiction that they form part of the same case and controversy under Article III of the United States Constitution.

8. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1391, because all of the Defendants reside in this District, the property that is the subject of this action is located in this District, and a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to Centrepoint's claims occurred in this District.

### THE PARTIES

- 9. Plaintiff CP III Centrepoint, LLC is a Delaware limited liability company, authorized to conduct and conducting business in the State of California at the time of the acts alleged herein.
- 10. Defendant City of San Diego is a municipal entity in the State of California.
- 11. Defendant Kelly Broughton is a citizen of the State of California and is being sued in his capacity as Director of DSD.
- 12. Defendant Afsaneh Ahmadi is a citizen of the State of California and is being sued in her capacity as the Chief Building Official of DSD.

### FACTUAL BACKGROUND

### **The Property And The Project**

- 13. Centrepoint is the owner of that certain real property located, generally, at the intersection of 63rd Street and El Cajon Blvd., in the City of San Diego, commonly known as, and with addresses including, 6303 El Cajon Blvd., 6345 El Cajon Blvd., 6351 El Cajon Blvd., 6363 El Cajon Blvd., 4645 63rd St., 4720 Seminole Dr., and 4740 Art St., San Diego, California, 92115 (the "Property").
- 14. Centrepoint has obtained permits for construction of a mixed-use project on the Property consisting of 332 residential apartment units and approximately 10,000 square feet of commercial space in four buildings, and a parking structure (the "Project"). In reliance on the permits issued by the City, as of the filing of this Complaint, demolition of existing structures and the grading of the Property are complete. Construction of improvements has commenced, but is not completed.

# Centrepoint Acquired The Property And The City Ministerially Approved The Project And Issued Permits For The Project

15. On January 26, 2006, prior to Centrepoint's involvement with the Property, a discretionary Site Development Permit and vesting tentative subdivision map were approved for a project on the Property consisting of for-sale residential units, with certain deviations from zoning and/or code requirements (such as allowing tandem parking).

16. In connection with its due diligence for the purchase of the Property, Centrepoint investigated the possibility of building a project on the Property that would be subject to ministerial, rather than discretionary, approval. Centrepoint submitted due diligence questions to the City, met with representatives of DSD, and submitted applications and plans to DSD. Centrepoint was repeatedly informed by the City that construction of the Project it proposed would be subject to ministerial review, provided the previous discretionary approvals were rescinded. For example, on or about January 11, 2012, DSD sent an email to Centrepoint which stated:

The approved SDP [site development permit] allowed for deviations (as an affordable housing project) to count tandem parking spaces toward the required parking and to allow a "variance" to the allowable unit mix/type per the City's Inclusionary Housing Ordinance. If the project no longer requests deviations, the project can be processed ministerially if the SDP and VTM are rescinded and if the project complies with all current requirements. Please be aware that the project site is located within the Campus Impact Overlay Zone. If the SDP and VTM are rescinded and a new project is proposed, the project shall comply with current requirements for parking. [Emphasis added.]

17. In reliance on the City's assurances that it could build a project that would be processed ministerially, on February 2, 2012, escrow closed for Centrepoint's purchase of the Property. Centrepoint proceeded with plans for the Project, which did not include deviations from the SDMC.

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	Case 3:13-cv-01089-L-NLS Document 1 File
1	18. The City's development procedur
2	process. The Preliminary Review process and
3	the City's Information Bulletin 513, entitled "I
4	its purpose: "This information bulletin describ
5	[the City] offer to our customers." Among oth
6	informs the public:
7	The information provided to you review is valid for one year from
8	correspondence, except if 1) the conformation is based is changed;
9	is enacted by City Council; or 3) project scope. Our goal is to give need to make informed decisions
10	need to make informed decisions with the design of your project.
11	with the design of your project.
12	None of the exceptions to the one year validity
13	during the Preliminary Review process applies
14	19. Centrepoint submitted the Project
15	pursuant to the City's process. On or about Fe
16	to the City a Single Discipline Preliminary Re
17	Single Discipline Preliminary Review – Map (
18	the Project. Centrepoint's applications also asl
19	entitlements should be canceled so that the Pro
20	again asked for confirmation that the Project c
	l

es include a "Preliminary Review" its purpose is explained by the City in Preliminary Review," which states as bes the Preliminary Review service we ner things, Information Bulletin 513

> during preliminary the date of the ode on which this 2) emergency legislation there is a change in the you the information you about how to proceed

of information provided by the City s to the Project.

- t to the City for Preliminary Review, bruary 9, 2012, Centrepoint submitted view – Planning Application and a Check Application, which described ked when the previously approved pject could proceed ministerially, and could be developed ministerially. The 21 City confirmed that the Project could be processed ministerially.
  - 20. On or about April 10, 2012, Centrepoint submitted to the City a Multi Discipline Preliminary Review for the Project, which included multiple pages of specific questions and requests. Among the questions and requests submitted was the following:

The applicant intends to rescind the Site Development Permit for the project property and proceed to develop the project represented in the submittal as a project as-of-right without a Site Development Permit. Please confirm that the project represented in this submittal complies with all applicable development regulations and can be built on the

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1 2	project site without a Site Development Permit or Planned Development Permit.					
3	On or about May 7, 2012, City reviewers from various disciplines responded to the					
4	April 10, 2012, submission, and again provided written confirmation that the Project					
5	could proceed ministerially, without the need for discretionary approval such as a					
6	Site Development Permit or Planned Development Permit.					
7	21. With the City having confirmed that the Project did not require					
8	discretionary approval, Centrepoint began applying for permits. On or about June 7,					
9	2012, Centrepoint submitted to the City an application for a grading permit for the					
10	Project, and on or about July 18, 2012, Centrepoint submitted to the City an					
11	application for a public improvements permit for the Project.					
12	22. During the Preliminary Review process, the City advised Centrepoint					
13	that it should consolidate the two lots on which the Project was to be built. Per the					
14	City's recommendation, on or about August 14, 2012, Centrepoint submitted to the					
15	City an application for a lot consolidation in connection with the Project, including a					
16	map.					
17	23. On or about August 24, 2012, Centrepoint submitted an application for					
18	cancellation of the previously approved discretionary entitlements. On September					
19	21, 2012, the cancellation of the previously-issued discretionary site development					
20	permit was recorded.					
21	24. On or about September 26, 2012, Centrepoint submitted to the City an					
22	application for building permits for the Project.					
23	25. The City approved all of Centrepoint's permit applications. On or					
24	about October 29, 2012, the City issued a grading permit for the Project; on or about					
25	December 4, 2012, the City issued a demolition permit for the demolition of					
26	preexisting improvements on the Property; on or about December 20, 2012, the City					
27	issued a building permit for the parking structure for the Project; on or about					

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February 7, 2013, the City issued a right of way permit for public improvements

related to the Project; and on or about February 20, 2013, the City issued building permits for each of the three residential buildings and for the mixed-use residential/commercial building at the Project. Centrepoint paid to the City all fees associated with these permits, in the total amount of more than \$7 million in impact fees alone, in addition to processing fees, and the City accepted Centrepoint's payments.

26. In reliance upon, and as authorized by, the permits issued by the City, Centrepoint began construction of the Project. Centrepoint completed demolition of previously existing structures and completed grading, and began construction of the buildings and the parking structure at the Project. As of the filing of this Complaint, Centrepoint's contractual commitments to contractors, consultants, and suppliers for the construction of the Project are in excess of \$30 million.

## Opponents Of The Project Complained That It Will Be Occupied By Students And Were Informed That The Project Was Subject To Ministerial Approval

- 27. The Property is located near San Diego State University ("SDSU"). However, neither Centrepoint nor the Project is affiliated with SDSU. The Project is not a "dormitory" under the SDMC. A certain number of units at the Project will likely be occupied by students. The law prohibits discriminatory housing practices, including discrimination directed toward students.
- 28. Some residents of the area are opposed to the Project because units may be occupied by students. Opponents of the Project asked the City to stop the construction of the Project, improperly calling it a "dormitory" that should be subject to discretionary review. Opponents of the Project sent emails to the Mayor and to DSD asking that the Project be stopped.
- 29. On or about March 4, 2013, in response to inquiries from opponents of the Project, the Director asked for a re-review of the plans for the Project to determine if a discretionary approval was required. DSD staff informed the Director that discretionary approval was not required.

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1	30. On or about March 11, 2013, the Director asked DSD staff to prepare						
2	an email explaining why the Project was subject to ministerial, and not						
3	discretionary, approval. The email requested by the Director was prepared, and was						
4	circulated for review and editing by various senior members of the DSD staff. On						
5	or about March 13, 2013, the Director then sent this email to Chris Pearson, a staff						
6	representative of the Councilmember for Council District Nine of the City, the						
7	Council District in which the Project is located. The Director's email dated March						
8	13, 2013, stated, in part:						
9	The Development Services Department issued building permits on February 20, 2013, for the 332 multi-dwelling						
10	unit project entitled "Carmel Luxury Apartments" (Project No. 294762). A building permit for the associated 1,091 space parking structure (Project No. 295138) was issued on December 21, 2012. The site was previously subject to Site Development Permit No. 235622 (Project No. 74816), however, the permit was capselled in September 2012.						
11	space parking structure (Project No. 295138) was issued on December 21, 2012. The site was previously subject to						
12	Site Development Permit No. 235622 (Project No. 74816), however, the permit was cancelled in September 2012						
13	under Project No. 293366, enabling the project to be reviewed against the applicable zoning requirements						
14	under a ministerial construction permit application.						
15	Staff reviews construction permit applications based on all applicable regulations (setbacks, floor area, height,						
16	parking, landscaping, etc.) contained in the Land Development Code (LDC) and must approve a project if						
17	it complies with all applicable regulations. Zoning review of the building permits determined that <b>the</b>						
18	Carmel Luxury Apartments projects complied with all regulations of the CUPD-CU-2-3 and CT-2-3 zones and						
19	that no discretionary permit was required. A student dormitory requires approval of a Conditional Use Permit,						
20	however, this project is not considered a student dormitory The project provides individual dwelling						
21	units, consistent with the definition of a dwelling unit in LDC 113.0103 and was therefore reviewed as a multi-						
22	dwelling unit project.						
23	In conclusion, staff had no legal authority to deny the permit for this project.						
24	[Emphasis added.]						
25							
26	31. On or about March 14, 2013, after receiving the Director's email, the						
27	office of the Councilmember for Council District Nine sent a memorandum to the						
28	Mayor. This memorandum ignored the Director's confirmation that the Project does						

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1	not constitute a "dormitory" under the SDMC and that the City had no authority to					
2	deny its construction. Instead, this memorandum demanded that the Project be					
3	stopped because members of the neighborhood did not want a "sprawling					
4	dormitory" to be built. Specifically, the March 14, 2013, memorandum from the					
5	Councilmember to the Mayor stated:					
6	My office and constituents in the Rolando neighborhood					
7	have grave concerns about a project now under construction					
8	It now appears this project may really be a sprawling					
9	dormitory for upwards of 1100 students who attend San Diego State University. This is the last thing residents of Rolando want encroaching on their quiet neighborhood.					
10	Yet, the city's Development Services Department now informs us new permits were issued recently					
11						
12	The Rolando community and our council office have made it abundantly clear at town hall events and other public					
13	meetings for the past five years that a dormitory is not an acceptable use for this property "					
14	I also want an immediate halt to this construction project until we receive an acceptable answer					
15	Because of the urgent nature of this issue, we hope you					
16	will support us in this effort.					
17	[Emphasis added.]					
18	The City Improperly Stopped The Project					
19	32. The Mayor did decide to support the opponents of the Project. On or					
20	about March 19, 2013, the Mayor attended a community meeting for the local area,					
21	at which the Project was discussed. The Mayor promised that the plans for the					
22	Project would be reexamined, and publicly objected to the City's procedures					
23	approving the Project. The Mayor informed the attendees of the meeting that the					
24	community members were the "real experts" on the issue and should be heard on					
25	whether or not the Project could be built.					
26	33. Centrepoint is informed and believes that the Mayor then ordered DSD					
27	to stop the construction of the Project.					
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- 34. To halt construction, and in effect revoke the previous approvals of the Project, the Director arbitrarily imposed upon the Project the requirement to obtain a discretionary Site Development Permit, citing SDMC Section 126.0502(b)(4) and "Table 126-05A." These provisions do not, however, apply to the Project, which is a commercial/residential mixed-use development in the Central Urbanized Planned District.
- Centrepoint has investigated the processing and approval of 35. developments within the City that are similar to the Project, and has not identified a single such project in a commercial zone for which a discretionary Site Development Permit was required based on Section 126.0502(b)(4) and Table 126-05A. The City did not previously require discretionary approval for the Project, and Centrepoint is informed and believes that the City has not previously required discretionary Site Development Permit approval due to Section 126.0502(b)(4) and Table 126-05A for other similar developments in commercial zones.
- By email dated March 20, 2013, DSD staff reiterated to the Director 36. that developments such as the Project are not subject to the requirements of Table 126-05A and a discretionary Site Development Permit is not required.
- Despite this, on March 22, 2013, the Chief Building Official sent an 37. email to Centrepoint over the Director's signature block and with the Director's authorization with the subject line "RE: STOP WORK – FW: Carmel Partners Centrepoint Luxury Apartments." This email informed Centrepoint that an "administrative hold" had been placed on the Project. The March 22, 2013, email stated that the Project was subject to Table 126-05A, and that, because the Project included a lot consolidation and exceeded the threshold requirements of Table 126-05A, the Project was subject to discretionary review and required a Site Development Permit.
- Citing the "administrative hold" placed on the Project, the City now 38. refuses to conduct inspections of completed construction performed pursuant to the

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permits issued by the City. Because the City will not perform inspections of completed phases of construction, Centrepoint cannot continue the construction of the Project.

- 39. Following the transmission of the March 22, 2013 email, on March 25, 2013, Centrepoint met with the Director to request that the "administrative hold" be lifted. In advance of this meeting, the Director notified the Mayor's office by email of the meeting. The Mayor's office instructed the Director, "Be strong!" The Director then advised Centrepoint that he would consider Centrepoint's request and would advise Centrepoint of his decision by the end of the day. Despite repeated attempts by Centrepoint to contact the Director, as of the date of this Complaint the Director has yet to inform Centrepoint of any decision on Centrepoint's request.
- On March 27, 2013, Centrepoint spoke with the Mayor's office about 40. the "administrative hold." Centrepoint was informed that the decision to impose the hold was final. Centrepoint then met with the Mayor, in an effort to have the "administrative hold" lifted and obtain the City's performance of its ministerial duties in connection with the Project and under the previously issued permits as required by law. The Mayor informed Centrepoint that 1) the Project was a "dormitory;" 2) the Project required a discretionary Site Development Permit; 3) the City made a mistake in issuing permits for the Project; and 4) Centrepoint would need to talk with the community to obtain their support for the Project before it could go forward.
- On or about April 12, 2013, a community organization sent a letter to 41. the Mayor and the Councilmember for Council District Nine, thanking them for stopping construction of the Project. The community group's letter stated, "We wish to emphasize that the community 'will not and cannot' support any student apartment complex on this site," and reiterated the demand that the Project be redesigned. In addition, the April 12 letter requested that the City assist in obtaining improvements for a local park, and improvements to streets, curbs, gutters, and sidewalks on streets

near the Property, by requiring that these unrelated improvements be constructed as a condition of construction upon the Property. A copy of this letter was provided to Centrepoint.

- 42. In an effort to resolve this matter, Centrepoint offered to agree to the improper demands for unrelated improvements asserted by the community group opposing the Project. On April 17, 2013, Centrepoint sent a letter to the Councilmember for Council District Nine, offering to pay, in addition to the more than \$7 million in impact fees already paid to the City, another \$150,000 for improvements to the local park or other nearby community amenities. However, Centrepoint did not agree to redesign the already approved and already under construction Project.
- 43. On or about April 24, 2013, the Councilmember for Council District Nine responded to Centrepoint's April 17 letter. The Councilmember's April 24 letter thanked Centrepoint for its "generous" offer to pay \$150,000 for unrelated community improvements. The April 24 letter then continued by objecting to the room configurations and layouts of the apartments in the approved Project, and demanded that the Project be completely redesigned.
- 44. As of the filing of this Complaint, Defendants have not lifted the "administrative hold" on the Project, and the City continues to refuse to perform inspections of completed construction. With no legal basis for doing so, Defendants continue to demand that Centrepoint obtain discretionary approval for the Project. Though the Project satisfies all requirements of the SDMC (as the City has admitted), was already approved, and is already under construction, Defendants now demand that the Project be redesigned in deference to an area community group, in violation of law and Centrepoint's rights.

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LAW OFFICES
Allen Matkins Leck Gamble
Mallory & Natsis LLP

### FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

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### Injunctive Relief (Mandamus) Against All Defendants

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45. Centrepoint realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 44 of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

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As the Director has admitted, the Project complies with the SDMC. As 46. a result, the City "had no legal authority to deny the permit for this project." All

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permits were properly issued for construction of the Project. Centrepoint expended considerable sums in good faith reliance on the 47. permits issued and assurances given by the City and Centrepoint has a vested right

in the completion of the Project. Defendants are estopped from now asserting that

the previously issued permits were improper or are ineffective, or that a discretionary Site Development Permit is required. Defendants have a clear and

present ministerial duty to perform all duties required of them under the previously issued permits, including the duty to perform inspections and issue approvals if

construction complies with code requirements.

Centrepoint has a clear and present right to construct the Project and 48. therefore a right to the performance of Defendants' ministerial duties in connection with the construction of the Project.

- 49. Centrepoint does not have a plain, speedy, and adequate remedy in the ordinary course of law for Defendants' wrongful conduct described herein.
- To remedy Defendants' improper acts and avoid irreparable harm, 50. Centrepoint seeks injunctive relief prohibiting Defendants from continuing the "administrative hold" on the Project and prohibiting defendants from requiring Centrepoint to obtain a discretionary Site Development Permit for the Project.

Alternatively, Centrepoint seeks an order requiring that Defendants lift the "administrative hold" on the Project, and requiring that Defendants perform all ministerial duties in connection with the construction of the Project, including the

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duty to perform inspections and issue approvals if construction complies with code requirements.

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### SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

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### **Declaratory Judgment Against All Defendants**

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- Centrepoint realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 51. through 50 of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- An actual controversy has arisen and now exists between Centrepoint 52. and Defendants relating to their respective rights and duties, in that Centrepoint contends that Defendants' demand that Centrepoint obtain discretionary approval for the Project is invalid, unenforceable, and contrary to law. Instead, the Project is subject to ministerial review, the Project has properly been ministerially approved, and Defendants are legally required to perform the ministerial duties in connection with the construction of the Project, including the acts of performing inspections and issuing approvals if construction complies with code requirements. Defendants dispute these contentions and contend that their demand that Centrepoint obtain discretionary approval is valid.
- 53. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2201, Centrepoint desires a declaration that (1) the Defendants' purported requirement that Centrepoint obtain a discretionary Site Development Permit for the Project is improper, unlawful and invalid; (2) the Project is subject to ministerial review and approval; and 3) Centrepoint may proceed with construction of the Project pursuant to the previously issued permits referenced above, and Defendants must perform all ministerial duties associated with those permits.
- Such a declaration is necessary and appropriate at this time under the 54. circumstances in order that Centrepoint and Defendants may ascertain their respective rights and duties, to avoid a multiplicity of lawsuits, and for Centrepoint to avoid irreparable harm.

**COMPLAINT** 

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### THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

### Violation of 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Procedural Due Process)

### Against The Director and the Chief Building Official

- 55. Centrepoint realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 54 of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 56. At all times relevant herein, all Defendants' conduct was subject to 42 U.S.C. § 1983.
- Centrepoint obtained all necessary permits and approvals for 57. construction of the Project, which were properly issued by the City. Centrepoint possesses a protected property right in its building permits and the approval to construct the Project.
- On March 22, 2013, Defendants, acting under color of state law, 58. purported to deprive Centrepoint of its protected property rights by causing an email to be sent to Centrepoint with a subject line of "STOP WORK" and stating that "An administrative hold was placed on the above project for the following reason: . . .," and by causing an "administrative hold" to be imposed on the Project and by ordering building inspectors for the City of San Diego not to perform routine inspections of the Project in the ordinary course of business. The "administrative" hold" imposed by Defendants prohibits Centrepoint from continuing construction of the Project.
- The March 22, 2013, email and the corresponding "administrative 59. hold" operate as and constitute a *de facto* Stop Work Order under Section 121.0309 of the SDMC. In placing the "administrative hold," however, Defendants failed to satisfy the procedural requirements of Section 121.0309 for the issuance of a stop work order. Furthermore, Centrepoint has not been afforded any meaningful right of appeal of the "administrative hold," contrary to the provisions of Section 121.0309. Defendants provided Centrepoint no notice and opportunity to be heard before depriving Centrepoint of its property rights. Moreover, any post-deprivation

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1	hearing would be ineffective and insufficient because construction has already				
2	commenced and Centrepoint has already incurred substantial expense in connection				
3	with construction. Further, Centrepoint can no longer receive a fair hearing and any				
4	hearing or appeal would be a sham, due to public statements made by the Mayor in				
5	opposition to the Project and the Mayor's order that construction be stopped.				
5	Accordingly, Defendants violated Centrepoint's constitutional right to procedural				
7	due process.				
3	60. Because Defendants are improperly withholding Centrepoint's rights				
)	under the previously issued approvals and permits for the Project, Centrepoint				

- under the previously issued approvals and permits for the Project, Centrepoint stands to suffer reputational harm and may lose all or a portion of its contracts with consultants, contractors, and material suppliers, may lose all or a portion of the previously completed construction to waste, the previously completed construction may become an attractive nuisance, and Centrepoint's ability to perform under its loan for the construction of the Project may be impaired. Centrepoint may also lose profits in relation to the Property, and may incur additional carrying costs and other expenses related to the Property.
- 61. To remedy this constitutional violation and avoid irreparable harm, Centrepoint seeks to recover from Defendants, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983, appropriate declaratory and injunctive relief as well as its damages, together with interest, and its costs and attorneys' fees incurred in bringing this lawsuit.

### FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

## Violation of 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Equal Protection)

### Against The Director and The Chief Building Official

- 62. Centrepoint realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 61 of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 63. At all times relevant herein, all Defendants' conduct was subject to 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

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- 64. The Project is a commercial/residential mixed-use development, including residential apartments, which will be operated subject to all applicable anti-discriminatory housing regulations.
- 65. Centrepoint is informed and believes that Defendants seek to halt the construction of the Project in an attempt to prevent students from residing at the Property. Centrepoint is informed and believes that Defendants seek to prevent students from residing at the Property because of the age of the typical student and, as such, Defendants' conduct is discriminatorily aimed at a protected class.
- 66. Further, Centrepoint is not aware of a single development within the City that was required to obtain discretionary Site Development Permit approval based on Section 126.0502(b)(4) and Table 126-05A under the circumstances applicable to the Project. Centrepoint is informed and believes that the City has not previously required discretionary Site Development Permit approval due to Section 126.0502(b)(4) and Table 126-05A for projects similar to the Project in commercial zones. DSD staff has confirmed that developments such as the Project are not subject to the requirements of Table 126-05A and do not require a Site Development Permit.
- of the Project based Section 126.0502(b)(4) and Table 126-05A. Defendants have not articulated any rational basis or legitimate state interest for this disparate treatment of Centrepoint. Instead of being motivated by any rational basis or legitimate state interest, Defendants' disparate treatment is politically motivated by a desire to please vocal individuals who oppose the Project because some units are likely to be occupied by students.
- 68. Accordingly, Defendants have violated Centrepoint's constitutional right to equal protection.
- 69. To remedy this constitutional violation and avoid irreparable harm, Centrepoint seeks to recover from Defendants, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983,

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appropriate declaratory and injunctive relief as well as its damages, together with interest, and its costs and attorneys' fees incurred in bringing this lawsuit.

### FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

# Violation of Cal. Constitution Art. I § 7(a) (Procedural Due Process) Against The Director and The Chief Building Official

- 70. Centrepoint realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 ough 69 of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 71. At all times relevant herein, all Defendants' conduct was subject to Article I, Section 7(a) of the California Constitution.
- 72. As further set forth above, Centrepoint obtained all necessary permits and approvals for construction of the Project, which were properly issued by the City. Centrepoint possesses a protected property right in its building permits and the approval to construct the Project.
- 73. The March 22, 2013, email further described above and the responding "administrative hold" operate as and constitute a de facto Stop Work der under Section 121.0309 of the SDMC. In placing the "administrative hold," however, Defendants failed to satisfy the procedural requirements of Section 121.0309 for the issuance of a stop work order. Furthermore, Centrepoint has not been afforded any meaningful right of appeal of the "administrative hold," contrary to the provisions of Section 121.0309. Defendants provided Centrepoint no notice and opportunity to be heard before depriving Centrepoint of its property rights. Moreover, any post-deprivation hearing would be ineffective and insufficient because construction has already commenced and Centrepoint has already incurred substantial expense in connection with construction. Further, Centrepoint can no longer receive a fair hearing and any hearing or appeal would be a sham, due to public statements made by the Mayor in opposition to the Project and the Mayor's order that construction be stopped. Accordingly, Defendants violated Centrepoint's constitutional right to procedural due process.

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- 74. Because Defendants are improperly withholding Centrepoint's rights under the previously issued approvals and permits for the Project, Centrepoint stands to suffer reputational harm and may lose all or a portion of its contracts with consultants, contractors, and material suppliers, may lose all or a portion of the previously completed construction to waste, the previously completed construction may become an attractive nuisance, and Centrepoint's ability to perform under its loan for the construction of the Project may be impaired. Centrepoint may also lose profits in relation to the Property, and may incur additional carrying costs and other expenses related to the Property.
- 75. To remedy this constitutional violation and avoid irreparable harm, Centrepoint seeks to recover from Defendants, pursuant to Article I, Section 7(a) of the California Constitution, appropriate declaratory and injunctive relief.

### **SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

# Violation of Cal. Constitution Art. I § 7(a) (Equal Protection) Against The Director and The Chief Building Official

- 76. Centrepoint realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 75 of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 77. At all times relevant herein, all Defendants' conduct was subject to Article I, Section 7(a) of the California Constitution.
- 78. The Project is a commercial/residential mixed-use development, including residential apartments, which will be operated subject to all applicable anti-discriminatory housing regulations.
- 79. Centrepoint is informed and believes that Defendants seek to halt the construction of the Project in an attempt to prevent students from residing at the Property. Centrepoint is informed and believes that Defendants seek to prevent students from residing at the Property because of the age of the typical student and, as such, Defendants' conduct is discriminatorily aimed at a protected class.

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- 80. Further, Centrepoint is not aware of a single development within the City that was required to obtain discretionary Site Development Permit approval based on Section 126.0502(b)(4) and Table 126-05A under the circumstances applicable to the Project. Centrepoint is informed and believes that the City has not previously required discretionary Site Development Permit approval due to Section 126.0502(b)(4) and Table 126-05A for projects similar to the Project in commercial zones. DSD staff has confirmed that developments such as the Project are not subject to the requirements of Table 126-05A and do not require a Site Development Permit.
- 81. Defendants now demand that Centrepoint obtain discretionary review of the Project based Section 126.0502(b)(4) and Table 126-05A. Defendants have not articulated any rational basis or legitimate state interest for this disparate treatment of Centrepoint. Instead of being motivated by any rational basis or legitimate state interest, Defendants' disparate treatment is politically motivated by a desire to please vocal individuals who oppose the Project because some units are likely to be occupied by students.
- 82. Accordingly, Defendants have violated Centrepoint's constitutional right to equal protection.
- 83. To remedy this constitutional violation and avoid irreparable harm, Centrepoint seeks to recover from Defendants, pursuant to Article I, Section 7(a) of the California Constitution, appropriate declaratory and injunctive relief.

### **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

WHEREFORE, Centrepoint prays for judgment as follows:

1. A preliminary and permanent injunction prohibiting Defendants from continuing the "administrative hold" on the Project and prohibiting defendants from requiring Centrepoint to obtain a discretionary Site Development Permit for the Project; or alternatively, requiring that Defendants lift the "administrative hold" on the Project, and requiring that Defendants perform all ministerial duties in

1	connection with the construction of the Project, including the duty to perform						
2	inspections and issue approvals if construction complies with code requirements;						
3	2. A judicial declaration that (1) the Defendants' purported requirement						
4	that Centrepoint obtain a discretionary Site Development Permit for the Project is						
5	improper, unlawful and invalid; (2) the Project	t is subject to ministerial review and					
6	approval; and 3) Centrepoint may proceed with construction of the Project pursuant						
7	to the permits previously issued by the City for	or the Project, and Defendants must					
8	perform all ministerial duties associated with	those permits;					
9	3. Damages according to proof, tog	ether with interest;					
10	4. Costs of suit incurred herein, inc	luding attorneys' fees; and					
11	5. Such other and further relief as the	ne Court may deem just and proper.					
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13	3 Dated: May 7, 2013 ALLEN MATKINS LECK GAMBLE MALLORY & NATSIS LLP						
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15	By:	/s/ Valentine S. Hoy VALENTINE S. HOY					
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17	CP III CENTREPOINT, LLC						
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20	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL						
21	Centrepoint hereby demands trial by ju	ry of all issues so triable.					
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23	$\mathbb{N}$	LEN MATKINS LECK GAMBLE (ALLORY & NATSIS LLP					
24	_	/ / 37 1 - 41 - G TT					
25		/s/ Valentine S. Hoy VALENTINE S. HOY					
26		CHARLES L. PERNICKA					
27		Attorneys for Plaintiff CP III CENTREPOINT, LLC					
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COMPLAINT

JS 44 (Rev. 12/12)

### **CIVIL COVER SHEET**

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil at	ocket sheet. (bibb hisbinoe	110116 011 111211 111015 0							
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS  CP III CENTREPOINT, LLC	C, a Delaware limited liab	ility company		DEFENDANTS CITY OF SAN DIEGO Development Services and AFSANEH AHMA	s Departme DI, Chief B	nt of the City of S uilding Official of	ector of the San Diego; the Develop	ment	
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff San Francisco (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)				Services Department of the City of San Diego County of Residence of First Listed Defendant San Diego (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)  NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.					
				THE TRACT	OF LAND IN	VOLVED.			
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, 2) Valentine S. Hoy, SB# 12 Allen Matkins Leck Gamb 501 West Broadway, 15th	:1766; Charles L. Perr ble Mallory & Natsis LL	icka, SB# 224134 .P	55	Attorneys (If Known)		'13CV10	)89 L	NLS	_
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2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizensh	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citiz	en of Another State	2 🗖 2	Incorporated and Proof Business In A		□ 5	<b>□</b> 5
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